





THE

### PEACE-MAKER:

OR, K. James I.

GREAT BRITTAINES BLESSING.

### Fram'd

For the continuance of that mightie Happinesse wherein this Kingdome excells manie Empires.

Shewing the Idlenesse of a Quarrelling Reputation, wherein consists neyther MANHOOD nor WISDOME.

Necessarie for all Magistrates, Officers of PEACE, Masters of Families, for the conformation of Touth, and for all his Maiesties most true and faithfull Subjects:

To the generall anoyding of all Contention.

EONDON,
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An. Dom: 1619.

owiersald courtrappersun r. donnari evillating of the Late of the Ca Shewing the Idleredent, Lemming Regul Hodely And the second of the second o Tark Mad Junkor de ordina d a 101 offi Livid humin



## To all Our truelouing, and Peace-embracing SVBIECTS.



HE Glory of all Vertues, is Action; the Crowne of all Acts, Perfection; the perfection of all things, Peace and Vnion. It is the Riches of our Beings, the Reward of our Sufferings, the Muficke on our Death-beus

Neuerhadso great a Treasure, so poore a purchaser, for man hath the offer of it. The God of peace sent it, Lambe of peace brought it, the Spirit of peace con-

#### To all Our louing Subiects.

firmde it, and Wee still seeke to preserve it. With what power then may the good purpose of this worke arrive at the hearts of all faithfull Christians? and with what cheerfulnes and freenesse ought it to be embraced of all Our louing Subjects, having so many Glorious seales of Honor, Power, and Vertue to Strengthen it? all that is required of V s from you, is a faithful & hearty welcome, and that bestowd ropon mans best and dearest Friend, either in Life or Death. For peace that hath beene a stranger to you, is now become a sister, a Deere and Naturall sister; and to your Holyest loues Werecommend her.





# PEACE-MAKER.

The Booke it selfe in glory of its name, is proud to tell from whence the subject came.



EACE beto you; I greete you in the blessing of a God, the salutation of an Apostle, and the Motto of a King: My Subiect hath her being in Heauen, her Theory in holy Writ, and

her practique in England, Injulapacis. The Land of Peace, vnder the King of Peace.

Like Noahs Doue, she was sent out to seeke aresting place, to see if the whole world were not yet couered with the perpetuall deluge of Blood and Enmity, and only here she found the Olive Leafe: Hitherto hath she been Pilotto the Arke, heers it first toucht shoare: heere now it hath rem full Sixteene yeeres, I am proudto report it.

Reioyce O England with thine espoused Scotnd, and let thy hand-maid Irelanding with thee.

Let all thy servant Ilands be glad; yea, let in stran-

gers to behold and tast thy bleslings.

The disturbed French, leeke fuccour with thee; the troubled Dutch fly to thy confines; the Italian leaves his hotter clymate; These and many more all seeke shelter under the sweet shaddow of thine Olive Branches.

O London, bleised Mrs. of this happy Brittaine, build new thy Gates, ther's peace entring at them. The God of peace hath sent this peace of God, o ever love her, that she may never leave thee, salute her, and invite her. Let White-Hall (fitembleme for her purity) be her chiefe Pallace, and let it say, Ades almasalus.

Peace and Contention lye heere on earth, as tra-

ding Factors for life and death.

Who desires norto haue trassique with life?

who (weary of life) but would die to live?

Peace is the pallage from life to life, come then to the factory of peace, thou that desirest to have life: behold the substitute of peace on earth, difflying the flag of peace, Beati pacifici.

Let Contention enioy (without ioy) large Emere wee enioy (with all ioy) our happy tuarie. It was borne with him, he brought it with him, after Fiue and Thirty yeares increase, and heere hath multiplyed it to Fifty with vs. 6 blessed subile, let it be celebrated with all io

and cheerefulnetse, and all sing, Beati Pacifici.

And are not the labours blest with the workeman? England & Scotland, (though not malicious enemies, yet churlish Neighbours) are reconciled. Feast, loue, liue, and dye together, are indeed no moreneither what they were, but a new thing betwixt them, more firme and neede in their louing Vnion, then euer deuided in their harry vnkindnetle; and now both fay, with one tongue, Beati Pacifici.

Ireland, that rebellious Outlaw, that so many yeares cried blood and death (filling her Marrish grounds with malfacres, affording many preys of flaughtered bodies to her rauenous Wolues, and in their wombes keeping the brutish obsequies) would know no Lord, but grew more itubborne in her chastisement, till this white ensigne was displayed; then thee came running with this hallowed text in her mouth, Beati Pacifici.

Spaine, that great and long-lasting opposite, betwixt whome and England, the Ocean ranne with blood not many yeares before, nor euer truc'd her crimson effusion : their Marchatson either side traffiqu'tin blood, their Indian Ingetts broght home in bloud, (a commerce too crueh Christian Kingdomes) yetnow shake hands in friendly amity, and speake our blessing with vs, Peati pacifici. ( at least ) and tol moth

Nay, what christian Kingdome that knowes the blessing of peace, has not desired & tasted this our blessing from vs? Come they not hitner as to the Fountaine from whence it springs? Here sits Salomon, and hither come the Tribes for Judgments: Oh happy Moderator, blessed Father, not father of thy Country alone, but Father of all thy neighbour Countries about thee. Spaine, & her withstanding Provinces (long bruised on both sides) thou hast set at peace, turning their bloody Leaguers, to leagues of friendship: doe not those children now live to blesse thee, (who had else been buried in their Parents wombes?) and say Beati pacifici.

Denmarke and Sucuia, Sucuia and Poland, Cleue and Brandenburg: have not these & many more come to this Oracle of Peace, and received their doomes from it? If the members of a naturall body, by concord assist one another; if the politike members of a kingdome helpe one another, and by it support it selfe; why shall not the Menarchall bodies of many Kingdomes, be one mutuall Christendome? if still they sing this blessed lesson taught them, Beati pacifici.

Let England then, (the seat of our Salomon) reioyce in her happy gouernment, yea, her gouernment of gouernments; and she that can set peace
with others, let her (at least) enioy it her selfe

let vs loue peace, and be at peace in loue. We line in Beth-salem the house of Peace, then let vs euer sing this song of peace, Beati pacifici.

Detraction snarles, and tempts faire Peace to sow the plentie of her fruits, and how they grow.

CEd vbi fructus? Where are all these rich and Detraction oppulent bleslings that this tender white rob'd to Peace. Peace hath brought with her? Actas parentum peior auis Uc. Our Grandfathers (for the most part) were honestermenthen our Fathers, our Fathers better then wee, and our Children are like ynough to bee worse then our selues. Do's Peace keepe a Pallace where Charity may warme herselfe?

Shame murmurer, hadft thou rather with the forgetfull Ifraelites, goe backeto the Flesh-potsof? Egypt (bought with blowes and burdens,) then answers.

eate Manna in the way to Canaan.

Doest thou thirst heere? tis for want of Sacri-

fice to him that should refresh thee then.

Thy Grandfather prayed for this that thou enioyest, and though hee had it not himselfe, yet prepared it as a bleffing on thee. The Sunne that daily shines on thee, thouletst it passe with a lelle & neglective eye; but were it hid from thee, the change of a Moone, thou wouldst then welcome it, with all alacrity & chearefulnesse. Were blowes more bountifull to thee? Did

bloud

bloud yeild thee benefit? Warre affoord thee wealth? Didst thou make that thine owne by violence, which was anothers by right? It may be, the Hand-maid was fruitfull, and the Mistres barraine; But Sarah has now brought foorth, and in her seed are the blessings come.

Hagar is despised, Peace hath conceived, and smiling Isaack hath left vs Iacob, a new Israell, a Prince of God, a man that hath prevayld with

God to plant his peace with vs.

The trading Marchant finds it, who daily plowes the Sea, and as daily reapes the haruest of his labours. What wants England that the world can enrich her with? Tyre lends in her Purples; India her Spices; Affrick her gold; Muscouicher costly skins of beasts; All her neighbour Countries their best trassque, & all purchased by friedly commerce, not (as before) by sauage cruelty.

The fearelesse trades and handicraft men sing away their labors al day (hauing no note drownd with either noise of Dromme or Cannon) and

fleepe with peace at night.

The frolicke Countryman, opens the fruitefull Farth, and crops his plenty from her fertile coome: Nay, even his toyling beafts are trapt with bells, who tast (in their labours) the harmony of peace, with their awfull governors.

The Magistrate, constantly drawes his swor

of Iustice on offenders, not ore-awed by partyheaded contentions.

The Kingdomes beauty, the Nobilitie, who were wont to bee strangers in their native country, leading the ranks of blood and death against their enemies, have now no enemy, but keepe their practife amongst themselves, to pastime with (Nonne hec meminisse voluptas?) And now (more sweet and holy) are Pillars at home, that were enforced to be prodigies abroad; all being (by a heauenly Metamorphofis) transhaped to become the becomming branches of the great Oline Tree of Peace. And doth not Charitie dwell here with Peace? ô blind detraction. Has not in foretimes, vnwilling necessity, erected two Hospitals? and now most tree and willing Charity, bath (in augmentation of her glory) railed Twenty Almesbouses, yea, so many for one, and give her true testimony.

Nay, has the not done the great wonder? built fome Churches, repaird many, and still her hand is dealing? Is not the summe of all, Religion, established by her? Are not the Flest sating fires quenche, and our fraggets converted to camber vies? O, but the forme-fields must new without some To make general Harvester fracil must not a satisfaction delivery at the satisfaction of the land of promise, but to the land of promise, but the land of promise and land of promise land of promise and land of promise an

least they boast and say, it was our strength, and not the Lords hand that did it.

Nor shall our peace (in her yong Plantation) enioy so full and perfect a tranquillity, but that there will be with vs contentious Cananites, seditious Iebusites, crasty Gibeonites, drunken Amorites,

and arrogant Anakims.

thers of either hand of her; Sectarists and Schismatiques shall breake the peace of God, wound the mother of peace (the Church) and bind together false Brotherhoods, to dislipate the vnity and

bonds of peace.

Law shall wrangle with her; Ebrietie & drinke shall strike her; Pride and Ambition shall seeke to ouerthrow her: yea, euen her oylie and most dangerous enemic Hypocrifie, shall get within to strangle her; yet still shall she stand, and raigne, and conquer. Invidiam pax prosternet, she shall mount to Heaven, and throw her enemies as low as Hell, where peace shall never come.

Enny shall gnaw her own entrailes, Schisme shall perish, Law shall be filent, Drunkennes shall burst it telfe, Pride shall be humbled in her own habitatio, a nollow-harted Hipscrifie. hall find no peace. The Deoru numen pretenditure pribus, subitanimum war Where the Maiesty as god, is made a colomb.

his peace shall be tremblings, & doubts, and horrors; his hart shal then faint, that told him before
like hart-stealing Absolon in his fathers gates, Thy
cause was good, when it was not so. Or like the Exect.
false & foolish Prophets, that told the people it 13.10.
was pax, pax, peace; peace, when it was no peace.

The wals were daubd with vntemperdmorter, and they shall fall, yet still shall Truth have Peace, and the Peace maker shall preserve the truth; They shall dwell together, and live together. The heavenly Soldiers have sungit; The Father hath sent it; The Son hath brought it; The blessed Doue shall preserve it; ever comfort vs with it; our Annointed hath received it, wee doe enioy it, and see it plentifull in Israell.

Peace takes a view of such as doe molest, and kindle most vnquiet in her breast.

PVt vp the Bel-bearer first, then all the flock will follow: Pride has lost her place, or comes behind for her greater state, tis Drunkennes that leads now; and marke the Heard that troope after her. Lust follows close, Contention at her sleeue. Emulation on tother side; Enuie keepes the scent like a Bloodhound; Revenge and Murder come couptogether.

The smaller headed Beasts are unscene yet, as Breach of Freindship we locking harty secrets,

Slaunder, Oaths, & Blasphemies, fearfull Innocations, (all which, custome hath driven so far distant fro the Soules eye, as the Moone from the ocular sight whose body overbulks the Earths large Center, yet seemes as little as her Figure taken on the taverne signe, where these brutish orgies are celebrated) abuse of Time, Ryot, Prodigallity, and lineall succeeding powerty; All these are peace's profest Fnemies, her domestique soes, who valette this fore-battel be repulst & supprest in the first atfault, the rest will tollow, though to their owne perdition.

Nonignotarefero, these are no wonders with vs. there may be Monsters among the, but too familiar with our acquaint ace, examine the Ringleaden, Drunkennes is no stranger in the world, she came in with the Earths first generall Curfe, and he that scapt that Inundation of Waters, tasted the Deluge of Wine. Shame fell on him, and his Curse to po-Aeritie; Noah tasted one, and Cham felt the other, Lot had his portion in her: There Drunkennelle begat Incest (an omnatural Isue of a brutish Mother) and her succession, two wicked Generations; Moaband Ammon. Drunkennesse played the part of a Heads-man with Holofernes, stooping his neck e weake arme of a Woman, and he that ftopt the Waters of Bethulia from others, had so much of his owne Wine as made him sencelesse of eyther Wine or Water cuerafter.

Al

Alexander (inter epulas) clitum charissimum transfodit, the friend hath sprinkled his Wine-bolles with the deare bloud of his friend : Oh brutish Sacrifice ! Oh Man vaman'd! Oh absent Man! where (out of thy felfe) dost thou remain, while this Fiend possesseth thee? But why do we seeke Antiquities for proofe of a practice so present with vs? Had Ifrael any finnethat England hath mist? Was Noah drunke, one of the Arke, & one of the eight reeling there? it is eight to one, that seuen of eight do stagger here (if not the whole Vessel.) It was a frame to one then, but custome hath made it no shame for all now. Did Lot comit Incest with his own daughters? Could we not wish Drunkennesse to excuse vs now? Does not Luft (her hellish handmaid) challenge this weapon hers? The example was too foon foud, and yet too late to remember: Oh, would that had bin the first, & that we might never know a second. Nec linguam nec manum continet ebrius, how many bosom'd counsels have bin vomited out of the mouth of a Drunkard, though to the ruine and destruction of his former in Ob Infania voluntaria! Oh wilfull Madnelle o Man, to depresse & quench out all thy facultes of Reason with this puddle Drunkennesse! Thou mad in thine owne Lordly Beetfudes)

canst reach the Starres, measure the Earths large Globe, search and understand the Seas profound Aby fe; yet in this fortish Ignorance, canst not find the depth of thine owne stomack. The Iewes old Prouerbe hath carried his full sence quite through Christendome; Homets Ben Fin. Wine must needes acknowledge it felfe the Parent of Vineger; meaning, that a good Father may have a different & sawcie Sonne: But wee haue from him the Daughter of a worfe haire, this common Strumpet Drunkennesse, whom almost al forts do sleep with:not Vinum egrum, but agrotum, is our Issue, a sick and vnholsome Harlot; yet hath spred her selfe into large Off-springs, in most lineall and naturall Children, as Luft, Emile, Revenge, Murder, &c. all impious and turbulent Peace-breakers.

Oh Peace! Ihall we not feare thy longer abode with vs, if we embrace thee with no better loue? How many louing friends have broke that Diamond of Amitie (whose pieces once dissevered, can never be reconciled) for the em-

are like the Iron Idoll, that crutht the curled acrifices in pieces ?

buie! Oh what does that pleus anime among?
vs That Ains in a Man, that continued

burnes it selfe, intus & extra, within and without, that (like the Cantharides) found seeding on the fairest and flourishing Roses, so Emile is ever opposed against the most Sweet, Noble, Flourishing, and Peacefull Blossomes. Were she as fare as the Comparison, I could call her Phænix, and wish, that this day she would burne her selfe, and leave her ashes Issuelesse.

Revenge! Whence have we borrowed thee? Oh Salmoneus Terror, shal we play with Thunder and Lightning, and follow thy precipitated Fate? Shall we Inatch the Sword (the peculiar Sword) from the Almightie hand? Haue we receiued wrongs on Earth? Consider then, if we have done no wrongs to Heaven. If we stand guiltie there (as, Quinnon?) Doe we then reuenge? No; we stand disobedient and repugnant to our owne iust punishments. We have a milder Sister given in her stead, Justice, the Arbitrer of our Injuries: but Vengeance is Gods alone; which no man ought to take in hand, but as delivered from his hand; nor foroimitate his Maiestie and Geathene, that of eir not but by Authoritic, and in the way and path of his Goodnesse.

Murder! Oh Cain-created Sinne! Curled Calphe of all the rest . The is Summer opur:

Here is the full point and end of the Labour. all the precedent Trauellers are here at home; the end hazzarding the endlesse end: Fearefull Spectacle! Here is capitall Sacriledge; the Temple of a holy Spirit robbed and ruined : Here is Treason in the highest degree; the Workmanthip and Image of the Creator defaced; vnhappie Passiue, but more, and most of all, vnhappie Active! Thou that doest Murder, doest first deface him in thy selfe; then, in thy Brother. God is the God of Peace, of Mercy, Meekenesse, long fuffering, and louing kindnesse: All these hast thou expulsed from thy selfe, and lost thy shape with them; there is neither peace, mercy, meeknelle, lufferance, nor love in thee. Then in thy Brother thou destroyest them: his bloud is Vox Clamans; and he is enforced in Death, from the many mouthes of his Wounds, to crie out for reuenge. But is Heauen far off, and wil not that moue vs? Looke vpon the Deed then with naturall pitie (or a Conscience which is as inseparable as thy Soule, that shall not leave thee liwing Behold a Brother weeping ouer his Broner; a distraughted Mother tearing her haire, and rending her heart, for her Childs losse; a friend (with reares) embalming his deare fried bodie; arauing Tcher readle to fend his beafter his Sonne; yea, perhaps his onely Sonne, his Name and Posteritie destroyed with him. Then Brothers, Friends, Mothers, Fathers, all their Curses to be throwne on thee. Are Heauen and Earth both dull motiues to thee O heware the third place; let Hell affright thee, and let thy conscience describe it to thee.

I returne to that which I would wish thee never to passe, and then thou canst not come to the viblessed discoverie of it: and it's Paths (before recited) that leade thee to it (Peace:) stay and abide with her, and thou shalt never know her Enemies, Gods Enemies, and thine owne Enemies: Let them that seeke Peace, find Peace, enjoy Peace, and have their Soules layd up in Eternall Peace.

Of Wife men I discourse, by Inuries never shaken; What Reputation is, Isbero, a thing so long mistaken.

In this small Particle consists the ground of all Quarrels whatsoever, either by suspecting false things, or by aggravating small things. Now how farre these two are from the consists of a Wise man, and how ill becomming, Read on makes manifest: for Suspicion and Aggravance the Off-springs of Passon, and a

Nor can there be a greater argument of defect, and despaire of merit in man, then Suspition; and marke her Nutriment, what strange food Passion hath provided for it: It feeds vpo false things; for indeed, true things are not to be suspected: and how just the punishment meetes with the offence; in erring from the Truth, it hath Falsehood for a reward. But in peiorarums omnia, the worse Deuill is behind.

The Aggravation of small things, when a sparke shall grow to a flaming Beacon, a Word to a Wound, the Lye to a Life; when every man wil be the Master of his owne Revenge, presuming to give Law to themselves, and in rage, to right their owne wrongs: At which time, the Sword is extorted out of the hand of Magistracie, contrarie to the sacred Ordinance of the Almightie.

Now the wife and vaderstanding man is not subject or exposed to any of these Injuries whatsoeuer; neyther cares he, how many darks of Malice or Contumelie are shot against him, since he knowes, that he cannot be pierced: Each as there are certaine hard Stones which have cannot enter; and the Adamant will neyther he cannot enter; and the Adamant will nexther he cannot enter; and the cannot enter; a

plyed vnto it; And as there are certaine things which cannot be confumed with fire, but continue their hardnesse and habitude amidst the flames; And as the Rockes, that are fixt in the heart of the Sea, breake the waves, & retaine no impression of the Stormes that have assayled them; so the heart of a wise man is solid, & hath gathered fuch inuincible force, that he stands as secure fro Iniurie, as those insensible substances I made metion of Nor that Injuries are not offered him, but that he admits the not; so highly raised aboue all the attaints of worldly wrogs, that all their violences shalbe frustrate, before a wise man be offended. Euen as Arrowes, or Bullets, that are shot into the Aire, mount higher then our light, but they fal back again, without touching Heauen: And as Celestiall things are not subject to humane hads, & they that ouerturne temples, do no way hurt the Godhead to whom they are confecrated; So, whatfocuer in iuries are attempted against a wise ma, returne without effect, and are to him but as Cold or Heat, Rain or Haile, the Weather of the . eld. And for words of Contumelie, it is held to fmall, and fo fleight an injurie, as no wife man complaines, or reuengeth himfolfe for in the co semie jes prenze ther doe the Law

any penaltie therunto, not imagining that they would ouer be burthensome. Quis enim phrenetico Medicus irascitur? For what Physician is angrie with a Lunatike person? Who will interprete a ficke mans reproches to the worst, that is vext of a Feuer? Why, the same affection hath a wise man toward all men, as the Physician hath toward his sicke Patients; not offended to heare their outrages, he lookes voon them, as vpon intemperate sicke men; therefore is not angrie with them, if during their ficknesse they haue beene so bold, as to speake injuriously against him. And as hee sets light by all their words of honor; so tormets he himselfe as little with all their despight & insolecies. For he that is displeased for an injurie that is done him, wil likewise be glad to be honored at his hands that did it; which a wife man is free fro. For he that reueges a Contumely, honors him that did it in taking it so much to heart, & respecting it. Art thou angrie with thy Superiour? Alas, Death is at hand, which shall make vs equalls. Does how with him, with whom thou art difhealed, any more then Death? Although thou tremprest nothing against him, he shall e sure at the lolest thy labour then, in offering will-bedone with

We laugh; fayth the wifeft of Philosophers, in beholding the Conflict of the Bul and Beare, when they are tyed one to another; which after they have tyred one another; the Butcher attends for them both, to drive them to the Slaughter-house. The like doe we. We challenge him that is coupled with vs, Brother, or Friend, we charge him on every side: meane while both the Conqueror and conquered, are neere vnto their ruine. Rather let vs finish that little remainder of our life in quiet and peace, that our end may be a Pleasure to no man.

Thou wishest a mans death! and there is alwayes but a little difference betwixt the day of thy desire, and the affliction of the Sufferer.

Whilst we are therefore among men, let vs embrace Humanitie; beedreadfull and dangerous to no man; let vs contemne Injuries and Contumelies; for but looking backe, wee may behold Death presently attend vs.

Pisstratus that lived a Tyrant in Athens, being for his crueltie mocked and reproved by a drunken man, answered, That he was no more angry with him, then if a blind-fold felk having his eyes bound up, should run upon him.

Another said to his Friend, I prithee chastise my servant with strocks, because I amangry, intimating

any penaltie therunto, not imagining that they would ouer be burthensome. Quis enim phrenetico Medicus irascitur? For what Physician is angrie with a Lunatike person? Who will interprete a sicke mans reproches to the worst, that is vext of a Feuer? Why, the same affection hath a wife man toward all men, as the Physician hath toward his sicke Patients; not offended to heare their outrages, he lookes voon them, as vpon intemperate sicke men; therefore is not angrie with them, if during their ficknesse they haue beene so bold, as to speake injuriously against him. And as hee sets light by all their words of honor; so tormets he himselfe as little with all their despight & insolecies. For he that is displeased for an injurie that is done him, wil likewise be glad to be honored at his hands that did it; which a wife man is free fro. For he that reueges a Contumely, honors him that did it in taking it so much to heart, & respecting it. Art thou angrie with thy Superiour? Alas, Death is at hand, which shall make vs equalls. Does how with him, with whom thou art dif-Jeased, any more then Death? Although thou memprest nothing against him, he shall e fure mat who lolest thy labour then, in offering

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Pififtratus that lived a Tyrant in Athens, being for his crueltie mocked and reproved by a ing for his crueltie mocked and reproved by a drunken man, answered, That he was no more drunken man, answered, That he was no more angry with him, then if a blind-fold felk in haming his eyes bound up, should run upon him.

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But now the compounding of Quarrels is growne to a Trade: And as a most worthic Father of Law and Equitie speakes, there bee some Councell learned of Duells, that teach young Gentlemen, when they are before-hand, and when behind-hand, and thereby incense and incite them to the Duell, and make an Arte of it: the spurre & incitement, false & erronious imaginatio of Honor & Credit, when most commonly those golden hopes end in a Halter.

That Folly and Vaine-glorie should cast so thicke a mist before the eye of Gentry I to fixe their ayme and only end vpon Reputation, and end most lamentably without it; nay, farthest from it: first, to hazard the eternall death of their Soules, and the suruiting Bodies, to dye the

death of a Cut-purie.

A milerable effect, and most horrid resolution, when young men, sull of towardnesse and hope, such as the Poets call Aurora sully, the Sonnes of the Morning, in whom the sweet expectation and comfort of their mends consists, and bee cast away and ruined for ever in sovaine a businesse.

But much more is it to be deplored, when for

much Noble and Gentle bloud shall bee spile vpon such Follies; which adventured in honorable Service, were able to make the fortune of a Day, & to change the fortune of a Kingdome.

It is euident then, how desperate an euill this is, which troubles Peace, disfurnishes Warre, brings sudden calamity vpon private Men, Peril vpon the State, and Contempt vpon the Law.

They pretend aboue all things to regard Honour, yet chiefly leeke the dishonour of God and of Iustice; and which is worse then Madnesse in those men, that adventuring to leave this life in Anger, presume to presse into the next, to the Supper of the Lambe, which is all Peace & Loue, without Peace, Loue, or Charitie. Othat Gentlemen would learne to esteeme themselves at a just price, how dearely they are bought, how most precious their Redemption!

The roote of this Offence is stubborne; for it despiseth Death, which is the vimost of all Temporall punishments, and had need of the Seueritie vsed in France; where the Man-slayers, though Gentlemen of great Qualitie, we han ged with their Wounds bleeding, lest a natural Death should preuent the example of Justice.

This punctualitie of Reputation is no better then a Bewitching Sorcerie, that inchaunts the

spirits of young men, like the Smoke of fashion, that Witch Tobacco, which hath quite blowne away the smoke of Hospitalitie, and turned the Chimneyes of their Fore-fathers, into the Noses of their Children. And by all Computation (if Computation may be kept for Folly) I thinke the Vapour of the one, and the Vaine-glorie of the other, came into England much vpon a voyage, and hath kept as close together, as the Report followes the Powder.

For when, but in the laternesse of these times, hath so much private and domestique Bloud beene shed? Like the three Iewish Brothers, in that perplexed Historie of Ierusalem; who wanting Enemies, still slew vpon themselues. So these malicious, vnthankfull Spirits, fattened with the aboundant Blessings of a mellishuous Peace, disgorge themselues vpon their Christian Brothers; like these that surfet vpon too much Honey.

And well may this vaine-glorie, or opinion of Reputation, bee called a Satanicall Illusion, and Apparition of Honour, against Religion, Law, Morall Vertue, and against all the honourable Presidents and Examples of the best Times, and valiantest Nations. For hereby have Gentlemen lost the true knowledge and

vnderstanding of Fortitude and Valour. For true Fortitude distinguisheth of the grounds of Quarrels, whether they be just; and not one-ly so, but whether they be worthing and sets a better value vpon mens liues, then to bestow them idly; which are not so to bee tristed away, but offered vp and sacrificed to Honourable Seruices, publike Merits, good Causes, and Noble Aduentures.

And behold here thy Folly; thou attempted a way, freely to lose thy Soule eternally, but not thy Reputation. Foole that thou art, in offering to faue that, which indeeds is nothing, thou loseft all! For Reputation is but another mans Opinion, and Opinion is no substance for thee to consist of: For how canse thou consist of a thing that is without thee? Which may be any mans at an instant, as well as thine; & when thou hast it, it is but a breath: And of what certaintie or permanence is it, when they must dye that give it thee?

Perhaps, because some haue said, that Fame hath a perpetuitie; thou hastenst to lose thy Soule, to provide for thy Name: How much thou deceivest thy selfe? Why, it is no more than the Eccho of a glorie: For as an Eccho no longer resounds, then it is fed with a voyce, no longer resounds, then it is fed with a voyce, no

longer does Fame sound forth mans Prayses, then it is supplyed and cherished with desertings: For when thy noyse ceases in it selfe, it will quickly cease the noyse of thes. How-ever, at the farthest, a generall Dissolution will come, when Fame, that is next to nothing now, shall have no being then at all.

Happy is then the wife and understanding Spirit: for though hee bee injured, hee can lose nothing thereby neither his Fame, nor Reputation; for a wife man entertaines nothing that is subject to losse. Fortune takes nothing but what she hath given; she gives not Vertue, nor Wisdome, therefore cannot take that away.

The more thou thinkest vpon Reputation, the farther off thou art from all contention, vnlesse custome in Ignorance, or wilfulnesse in Nature, make thee throw an abuse vpon the Word. For what is Reputation, but Consideration? A diligent weighing, considering, and revoluing in the minde? And that is quite opposite to Rashnesse: Truth will shame thee, if thou confesse not so much.

There can bee then no Reputation in Rashnelle, that is manifest: And what are Quarrels, but the stuits of Rashnesses There can bee then no Reputation in Quarrels.

And as it is Consideration, it were dreadfull to thinke, that any man, in the state of his best counsell and aduisednesse, should attempt to destroy the Image of his Creator, in the life of his Christian Brother. And therefore divinely haue our humane Lawes bent their hate & pitnishments against the abhorred Act, comitted in cold bloud; which is as wilfull an opposition against mans life (considering what he does) as Blasphemie against the Word of Truth; the Conscience knowing it offends of set purpose (the only sinne against the Holy Ghost.) And as the bodie of euery true Christian is said to be the Temple of the holy Ghost, 1. Cor. 3.16. What does the accursed Man-slayer, but in the bloud of his Brother, destroyes the Temple, as the Blasphemer wounds the Lord of the Temple?

Behold then, not without a face of Horrour, the miserable condition the Sonnes of this Age runne into All they venture for, is to bring the bloudinesse of their Action into the compasse of Honour (as if Honour consisted in destruction.) Now what impossibilitie followes that labour even the weakest may conjecture. For labour even the weakest may conjecture. For which redoundetts from our other weakest may conjecture the weakest may conjecture. For a beautiful and we which redoundetts from our other weakest may conjecture. The which redoundetts from our other weakest may conjecture.

flection, into our selues, bringing to vs Testimonie of that which others believe of vs: which
turnes to a great peace, and contentment of
mind, Blessings which were never yet found in
a Bloud-shedder, let his cause be never so glorious. And where there is no Peace, all other benesits have a cessation. It is the onely health of
thy Soule; and that once lost, thy soule sickens
immediately, even to death, and can no more
taste or rellish a Joy after, then a sick mans Pallet his Nutriment.

Is not this then a delution of Honour? Nay, can there bee any thing more delutiue? Alas, when it is at the greatest height of humane glorie, it is of a small and slender efficacie, vncertaine, a stranger, and as it were separated in the Ayre from him that is honoured. For it does not only, not enter into him, nor is inward and essentially not him, but it does not so much as touch him. A poore and miserable purchase at the best, for so great and eternall a hazzard!

Flatter not thy Soule then to her everlasting ruine, in thinking Reputation consists in Bloud-hedding. Sanguis clamat; as the Almightie speakes in the Letter of his owne Law; Bloudryes, and with a lowder voice, to Heaven, the thy Fame can sound on Earth. Property to

thousand tongues, are hoarse to that: they compasse but some Nooke, or Angle of the World; the other reaches from the Field to Heauen.

The voice of thy Brothers Bloud creyth unto mee from the Earth, Gen. 4. 10. And no sooner the Crye comes, but the Curse followes, in the very next words: Now therefore thou art curfed from the Earth, which bath opened her mouth to receive thy Brothers. Bloud from the hana. and immediately in the next, A Vagabond and a Runnagate shalt thou be on the Earth Thick the westhe horfor of the guiltie Conscience, which after the deed done, would faine flye from it selfe: A distraction which followes all the Children of Wrath vnto this day.

Well may peace then have the excellencie of her glorious name aduanced aboue all Titles and Inscriptions: And so much the rather, in that it pleaseth the Almightie Creator himselfe, to be called the God of Reace, and the Author, 1. Cor. 14.33. Nay, Loue it selfe, delighting in the Name. 1. Iohn 4.16. GOD is love, and hee that dinelleth in love, dwelleth in God, and God in him. And 1. Theff. 5.23. Now the very God of Peace anctifie you throughout, &c. Christ the Saujour the Werld, the Lambe of Peace. 18 will. 29.

ebout the Lambe of God, Theb

Green of the World. There is Peace made in taking sinne away, which is the only fuell of Wrath. And Ephes. 2.14. Christ is our Peace, which bath made of both, one, and hath broken the stop of the partition wall.

Moreover, the heavenly Souldiers, at the Birth of Christ, praysing God, said: Glory be to God, in the high Heavens, and Peace in earth, and

toward men, good will.

And as his most blessed Nativitie was the Fountaine of Peace, there wanted not the fruits that sprang from that sacred Fountaine in his departure, Iohn 14.27. Peace I leave with you, my peace I give onto you. Let not your heart be troubled, nor feare. Let not your heart, speaking to many, because all his ought to bee of one heart, which is a worke of Peace.

And not leaving, but in the same Evangelist, 16.17. I will pray my Father, and hee shall give you another Comforter, that hee may abide with you for over. Intimating thereby, the eternal! Peace of Soule and Conscience, by the comming of the Holy Ghost: calling him in the words immediately following, Even the Spirit of Truth, whom the Father will send in my Name, 26. hee comes all Peace, and in the name of Peace, of Christ our Saving Ar in the name of Peace, of Christ our Saving are glory to the Name.

Peace, behold how the incomprehensible Godhead desires to be comprehended, all into Vnitie, Trinitie in Vnitie: Which shewes, that Vnitie is the Conserver, Sustainer, and Comprehender of all things, both in Heaven and Earth.

Thou therefore, that in the madnesse of thy bloud, attemptest to destroy Unitie, thou seekest to destroy that which Heauen and Earth is sustained by. Most miserable of Creatures, thy Soule hath but one Supporter, and in the tempest of thy fur.

Peace enters here in Armes, and overthrowes, By force of her some strength, her strongest Foes.

Anost honourable enemie, euen hee that with better authoritie may slay his tenne thousand; then any other his thousand, I his hundred, yea, one single life: Eyther the haughtie Challenge, the curious Duell, or the bloudthirstie Revenge, to wit, Warre it selfe: sometimes a principall Arrow, shot from the heauenly Bow of Iustice, a forced Arbiter betwixt different Kingdomes, and often produes the are Moderator. Yet this great Souldier, with his Attributes of Fame and I share our high-throned Express e. Parent.

Marke how the Philosopher hath ordered his fattell, and given the Colonies, to both these great Commanders, Pacent cum omnibus babelis bellum cum Ditys. Have Peace with all the World, only war with thy sinnes. Melior, or intiores, certa pax, quam incerta Dictoria: for more safe and noble is a certaine Peace, then a doubtfull Victorie, with all his Honours attending.

But let vs beleeue no cowardly Philosophers: let him that in his hand holds both, and from his hand sends both, be the

When was Warre Bleffing, or Peace as a punishment? I was udge our cause, sudge, 5. vers. 8. The way gods, then was Warre in the Gates. He fren e, and here is a punishment, Idolan and Warre.

Againe, They turne to the Lord, and the Land bad Peace fortie Yeares. Here is Penitence and have in the Bleffing, Serving God, and Peace.

If then the Generall of Bloud and December Warre it selfe bee a Prodigic, a Curse, and not a Blessing, What shall his base Imitator be? What Honour shall the Challenger lay challenge to? What Honour shall the Revenger dare to shead for a same shall the Schoolemaster of Durantaneue, with all his vaine glatous and Durantaneue, with all his vaine glatous and Durantaneue, with all his vaine glatous and Durantaneue.

lengths of weapons, distances of place, t of grounds, equalities of Wind and Sunne? O wicked Ahkelon and her Suburbes, let them be taken, and defroyed together. Why doe wee quarrell? What is the end of the fairest Warre? to enjoy Peace: See how the Seruant labours for the Mistresse, and soolish they that enjoy their Inheritance, yet know it not: Thriftlesse Gamesters to play for their owne Monie.

Is thy Night quiet, and sweete with Peace? · Embrace her in Day, and keepe her continually: If thou le til bloud into thy bosome in the Day, Peace will not stay with thee at Night: Peace weares no parti-coloitred Coat, no mixt Scarlet and White, but White in her Puricie, nor fat, nor bloud, must bee eaten in the Peaceoffering, Leuiticus 3. Now ascend Abarim, and climbe vp to the Mormaine of Nebo, and see lome part of the Land of Paradile, white er this bleffed Peace shall lead thee, if thee bee thy conduct: but besure to looke vp wards, aud then thou can't not feare the Depth beneath thee.

Behold the Father, the God of Peace; the Sonne, the Lambe of Peace; the bleffed Spirit, the Doue of Peace; the Angels, Seruants, and Ministers to this power of Peace; Infinites an cing at one foules entrance into Pea

be Pare waker.

Behold the new Lerufalem, Kiri ath-falem, the Citie of Peace; that which was Militant, and troubled in the Wildernesse (the Church) behold it there triumphant in euer blessed Peace. That Peace which as it is vn-intelligible, so is it most vnutterable.

Then, if we desire to be Inhabitants in this Land of Promise & Peace, observe our entrance. We have yet two Mountaines to passe ouer Iordan by, Geresm and Ebal; and the twelve Tribes placed on each side, both to blesse or curse vs.

.1	and the desired of	PRITTE A2"
EBAL.	Heere wee haue our	GERESIM.
Pride.	choise; and wee are ever going on, in this Pas-	Humilitie.
Malice.	lage. O let vs passe by Geresim	Mercie.
Ambition.	the Mount of Bleffings.	nie.
Schiffnaticall Contentions.	the right Hand, and the right Hill.	<b>Tut</b>
Reuenge.	Turne thy backe to E- bal, but let none of her	Peace.
Impietie,	Curses fall vpon thee.	Pictie.

Be thou strong or weake, thou mayest with more ease beare sixe on thy right hand, then one on thy less.

Pride is a great weight, able to ouers

the Strongest man. Malice, a ponderous Load, turning thy sleepes to vnquiet slumbers, and euen there haunting thee in restlesse Dreames. Ambition, a Mountaine itselfe, to sinke thee. Schisme, a Spirit, and Conscience-troubler. Reuenge, an Impostume of Bloud; which broken once, strangles thee with thine owne Corruption. Impietie, a Cloud and Mist of Darkenesse, turning thee from thy way.

When as on the other side, how light and eafily mayest thou beare about thee Humilitie? How Iweet a Companion is Mercie? Howlouing a Fellowship is Charitie? How sure a Friend is Fatth? How nourishing a Cordiall is Peace? How bright a Lampe is Pieir. And then, how glorious a Reward is Eternitie, and

Peace in Eternitie?

Now let vs bind our selues to the Peace, put in Securitie for our Good Behauiors. Letour Soules be bound for our Bodies, our Bodies for our Soules, and let each come in at the Gencrall Selfions, to faue his Bayle; where wee shall find a mercifull Judge. If there wee can anfuere, we have not broke his Peace ? Bonds acelled. As we have kept the Peace, se rewarded will re, and kept in

eace. Amon.